

Cell C Year End Results

CALL PRESENTERS



DOUGLAS CRAIGIE STEVENSON

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

3 years in company 20+ years in telco industry



ZAF MAHOMED

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

2 years in company20+ years in various industries





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STRATEGIC AND OPERATIONAL REVIEW

Douglas Craigie Stevenson, CEO

02

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Zaf Mahomed, CFO

03

LOOKING FORWARD

Douglas Craigie Stevenson, CEO



TURNAROUND STRATEGY

MAPPING THE JOURNEY

KEY









New leadership team Key new appointments CEO, CFO, COO, CTO, Chief Legal and Chief HR

Establish liquidity committee

A liquidity platform to ensure a successful recapitalisation

Cost efficiency pgm & hiring freeze

R215m Cost savings due to section 189; R40m cost savings due to store closure

Informal debt standstill

Product review
Discontinue non-profitable
offerings and rebalance
traffic on network

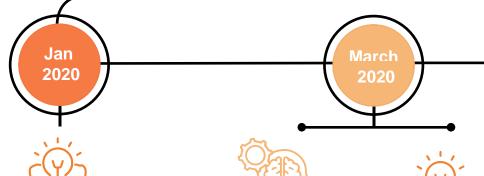
New network strategy

A significant wholesale aggregator MTN agreement

Jan

2021







Dec

2020





Appointment of nonexecutive, independent directors to the board

Bolster governance, improve diversity and transformation

New operating model & restructuring Revenue per employee ratio R7m

Achieve Level 2 BBBEE status

Transition of contract customers

Vodacom agreement ~700k migrated

Seamless transition of prepaid customers

Virtual Radio access network with MTN

Sites deactivated to date: 1500 Sites decommissioned to date: 1298







TURNAROUND AS AN MNO

2019 - 2020

- Network strategy including product review and optimisation of traffic on the network.
- Operational rationalisation including cost efficiency programme, restructuring and announce new operating model.
- Recapitalisation work in progress, due to be completed in 2021
- Liquidity Platform
- Improved financial performance
- Operationally efficient
- Foundation set for new business model.

TRANSITION AND EVOLVE

2021 - 2023

- Three year transition to virtual RAN provisioned by MTN as part of network strategy.
- Reduction in network expenses, finance leases and capex
- Implement new business model
- Introduce new products to market
- Manage clean customer base
- Recapitalisation to strengthen the balance sheet
- ✓ Transition successfully managed

GROWTH AS A TECHCO

2024





To be a market-leading, customer-centric digital lifestyle company.

OUR STRATEGY

- Become a pioneering, digital services provider that leverages its telco platform
- Strengthen and leverage our position as a significant wholesale buyer and aggregator of network capacity
- Drive customer centricity and focused market segmentation
- Reset organisation to a new way of doing business

ENABLED BY

- Accelerated digital transformation
- A scalable and cost-efficient **network strategy** in transition phase from '21 -' 23
- An ecosystem of collaborations and partnerships to innovate on products and services
- Being product-led to customer value proposition-led
- Continued operational excellence and efficiency programme
- Change management to build a start-up mentality, accountable and innovative culture





PIVOTING FROM A TELCO TO A TECHCO

INFRASTRUCTURE RACE VS WHOLESALE AGGREGATOR

PLAYING CATCH UP

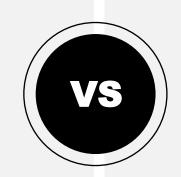
INFRASTRUCTURE FOOTPRINT (# OF SITES)

18 years would be required to catch up with big infrastructure players (based on 400 new sites built per year and assuming no new sites are added by infrastructure player.)

Cell C 5,500

Delta 7,500

Infrastructure player 13,000



PIVOTING TO TECHCO

- New operating model allows Cell C's customers access to MTN's infrastructure and benefit from its scale.
- The platform business model being embarked on, would leverage off existing and new partnerships to offer value to consumers by bundling services according to their needs.
- Data will become the cost of sales, with the real value being created through servicing customer needs using our platform ecosystem.
- In a recent report from the Free Market Foundation (FMF) the point is made that spectrum should be fully legalised in SA and the airwaves shouldn't be treated differently to any other commodity.

ESTIMATED CAPEX REQUIRED TO CATCH UP P/A

R12.4bn

Capex p/a





FIT FOR PURPOSE COST STRUCTURE

RESPONSIBLE SPEND FOR ROI | ONGOING COST SAVINGS IN 2021

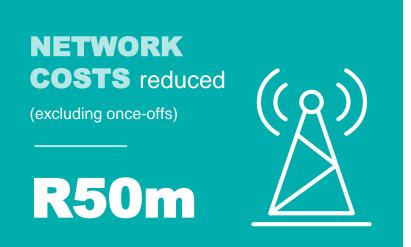




250

STAFF ARE BEING

RESKILLED for new positions in digital marketing, technoprenuership and data science.





R16m SAVINGS on property rentals





BUSINESS STABILISING, DESPITE CHALLENGING CONDITIONS

BETTER POSITIONED TO IMPLEMENT NEW STRATEGY

MARKET DYNAMICS

COVID 19 | Recession | Consumers under pressure

INTERNAL FACTORS

Section 189 process | Liquidity management | Delay in recapitalisation

BETTER QUALITY REVENUE

BASED ON STRATEGY TO MAINTAIN PROFITABLE CLIENT BASE

- Total revenue of R13.8bn
- A profitable and resilient **customer base 12.5m** (Up from 11m H1 2020)
- Prepaid base decreased by 15% but annualised ARPU increased 28%
- Contract base decreased by 18% but the annualised ARPU increased by 7%

IMPROVEMENT IN QUALITY OF EARNINGS

- Direct Expenditure excluding once off costs down 18%
- Normalised EBITDA up 30% in 2020
- OPEX costs excluding once off costs down 14%
- No increase in debt in 2019 and 2020

UNDERPINNED BY:

Retain and acquire profitable customers / Network management / Cost optimisation

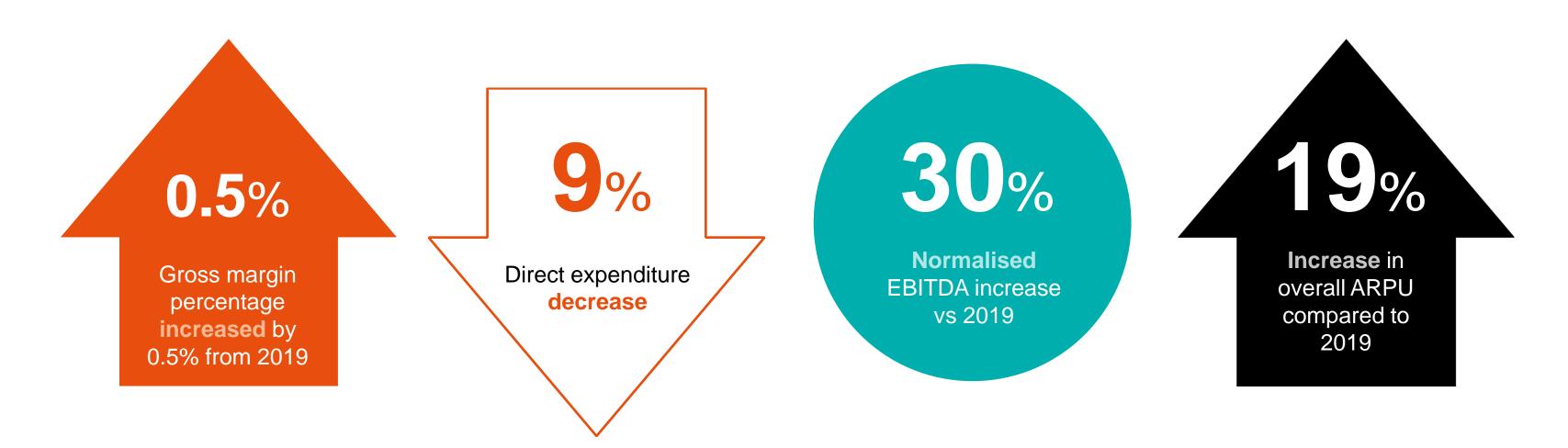






2020 HIGHLIGHTS

BUSINESS IN TRANSITION





RAND WEAKENING R237m

From R13.99 (Dec '19) to R14.68 (Dec '20):

This has resulted in Forex loss of R237m for the full year as at Dec 2020 vs gain of R181m for the full year as at Dec 2019

Due to informal debt standstill and pending recapitalisation, this is a non cash flow item and will be addressed as part of the recapitalisation.

Items
impacting
reporting
results

ONCE OFF EXPENDITURE R5.736bn

Recapitalisation costs: R434m 31 Dec 2020

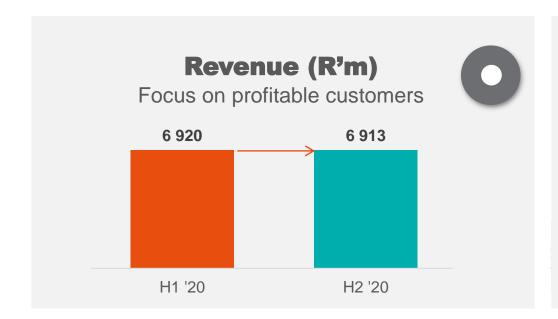
Impairment: R5.0bn

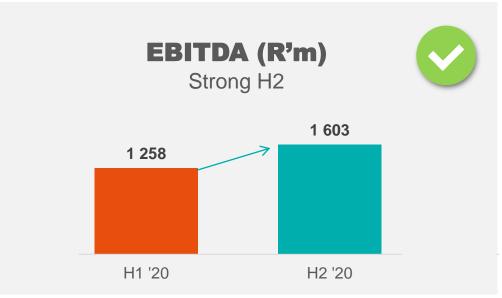
Network Site Restoration: R248m



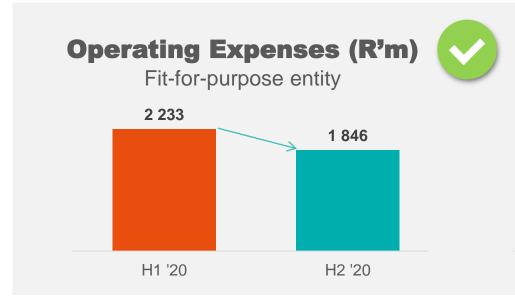
H1 vs H2 2020 HIGHLIGHTS

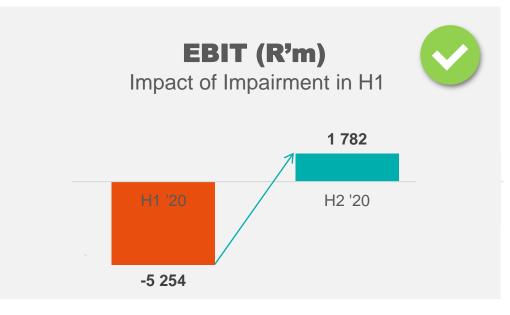
PERFORMANCE DRIVEN BY OPTIMISATION OF COSTS AND NETWORK STRATEGY





















H1 vs H2 2020

Performance driven by optimization of costs and network strategy

Rand Million	H2 2020	H1 2020	%
Revenue	6 913	6 920	0%
Mobile	6 446	6 542	-2%
Prepaid	3 068	3 123	-2%
Direct Expenditure	(3 572)	(3 454)	-3%
Gross Margin	3 341	3 468	-4%
Operating Expenses	(1 846)	(2 233)	17%
EBITDA	1 603	1 258	27%
Depreciation and Amortisation	213	(1 419)	115%
Impairment	(34)	(5 093)	99%
EBIT	1 782	(5 254)	134%
Finance Income and Costs	(795)	(1 002)	21%
Forex Gains/(Losses)	1 105	(1 342)	182%
Net profit/(loss) before tax	2 092	(7 598)	128%

EBITDA H1 vs H2 2020



H2 2020 R1 603m





2020 Results

Summary of reported financial information

R'm	2020	2019	% change
Service revenue	12 989	14 154	-8%
Non-Service revenue	844	930	-9%
Total revenue	13 833	15 084	-8%
Gross margin	6 806	7 343	-7%
Gross margin %	49.1%	48.6%	0.5%
EBITDA	2 860	3 849	-25%
EBITDA margin %	21%	26%	-5%
Net loss after tax	(5 506)	(4 088)	-34%

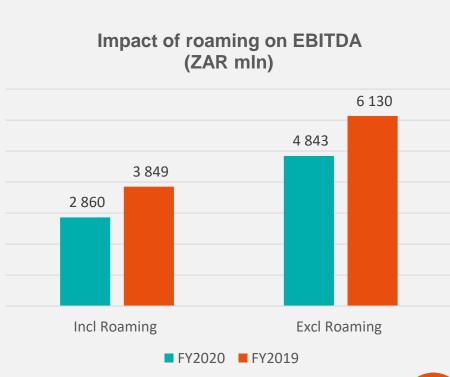
Results include the adoption of IFRS 16

NOTES & COMMENTS

An annual impairment assessment was performed and this resulted in an impairment of R5.1bn.

Gross margin percentage increased by 0.5%.

Current year net loss after tax excluding the impact of impairment is a loss of R380m.







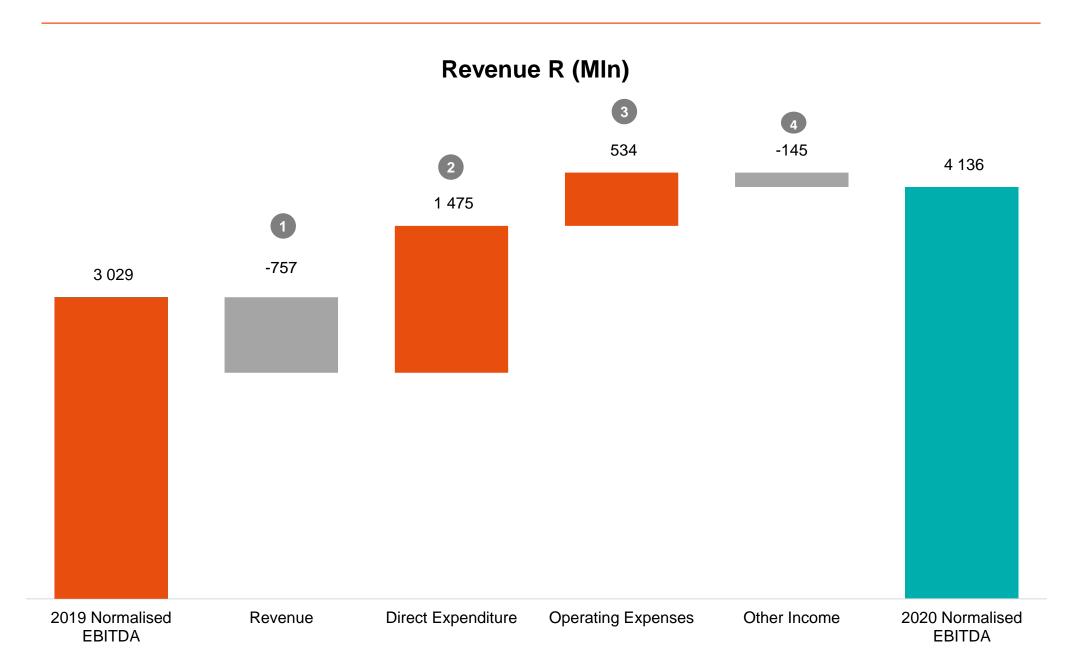






Recon of Normalised EBITDA shows that the business is operationally more efficient

From 2019 to 2020



NOTES & COMMENTS

- Total normalised revenue generated decreased by 5% year-on-year. The decline is attributable to the company strategy that focused on retaining and acquiring profitable customers. The new strategy however resulted in an increase in ARPU during the year.
- Normalised direct expenditure decreased by 18% which was mainly driven by the decrease in roaming costs, prepaid subscriber acquisition costs and the handset and sim costs.
- Normalised operating expenses decreased by 11% which was mainly driven by the decrease in commercial expenses of 48%.
- Other income due to termination of lease obligations in the current year.
- Cash flow increased as reflected in cash EBITDA at R844-million compared to R240-million in the previous year.



ANNUAL REVENUE STORY

Maintained gross margin while optimising the customer base



Unpacking our Subscribers

Other key performance indicators

Thousand	2020	2019	% change	
A3 prepaid base	9 227	10 886	-15%	1
Contract base Postpaid Base Hybrid Base	904 200 704	1 103 303 800	-18% - 34% -12%	2
Broadband base	315	383	-18%	3
Wholesale^	2 062	2 035	1%	4
Total Subscribers	12 508	14 407	-13%	

YTD ARPU 'R	2020	2019	% change
Prepaid	69	54	28%
Contract	307	287	7%
Broadband	173	191	-9%

NOTES & COMMENTS

- Prepaid base decreased by 15%. However, annualised ARPU increased 28%. Our strategy is to focus on profitable subscribers rather than size of subscriber base.
- Contract base decreased by 18% due to shifts in consumer purchasing habits and economic factors. ARPU has increased by 7%.
- Broadband decreased 18% because of rationalising the traffic and products. ARPU decreased by 9%.
- 4 Wholesale base increased by 1%. This is mainly due to the focus of improved product offerings and attracting more customers.

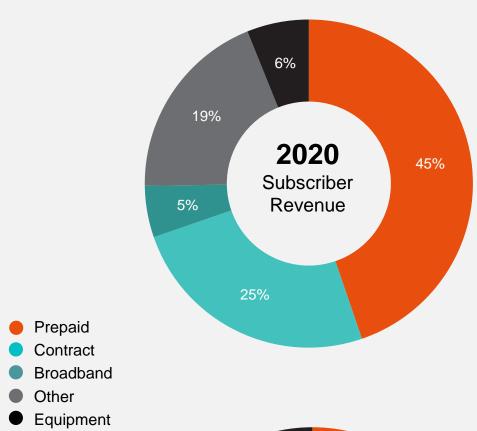




Revenue by subscriber type

Segment (R'm)	2020	2019	% change
Prepaid*	6 191	6 940	-11%
Contract*	3 451	3 752	-1%
Broadband*	703	924	-24%
Mobile revenue	10 345	11 616	-11%
Other^	2 644	2 537	4%
Net Service revenue	12 989	14 154	-8%
Equipment	844	930	-9%
Total Revenue	13 833	15 083	-8%

NOTES & COMMENTS













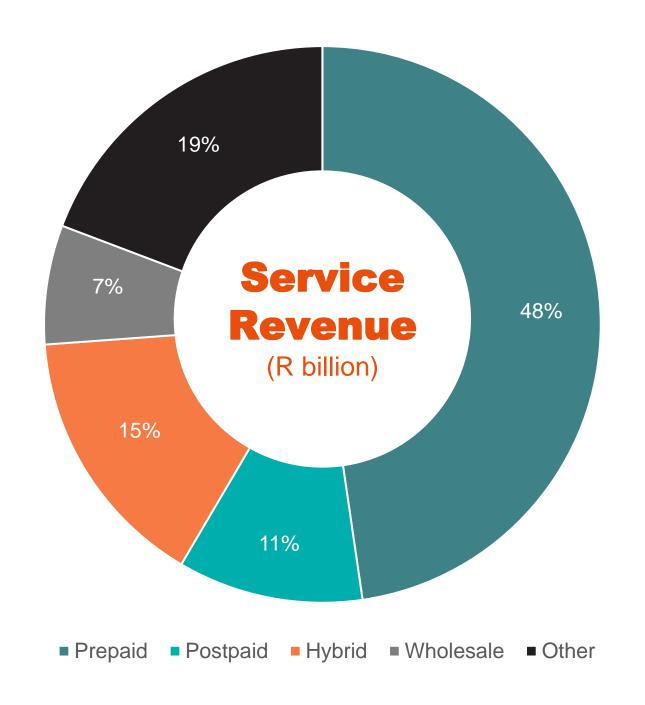




^{*} Segments of mobile revenue are net of volume discounts.
Other revenue includes MVNO, FTTH, other bulk SMS, BSP's, Content, Roaming, Financial services.

Revenue by line of business

Revenue split	Rm	Contribution to service revenue
Voice	3675	28%
Data	5623	43%
SMS	475	4%
Wholesale	897	7%
Other*	2319	18%
Total	12 989	









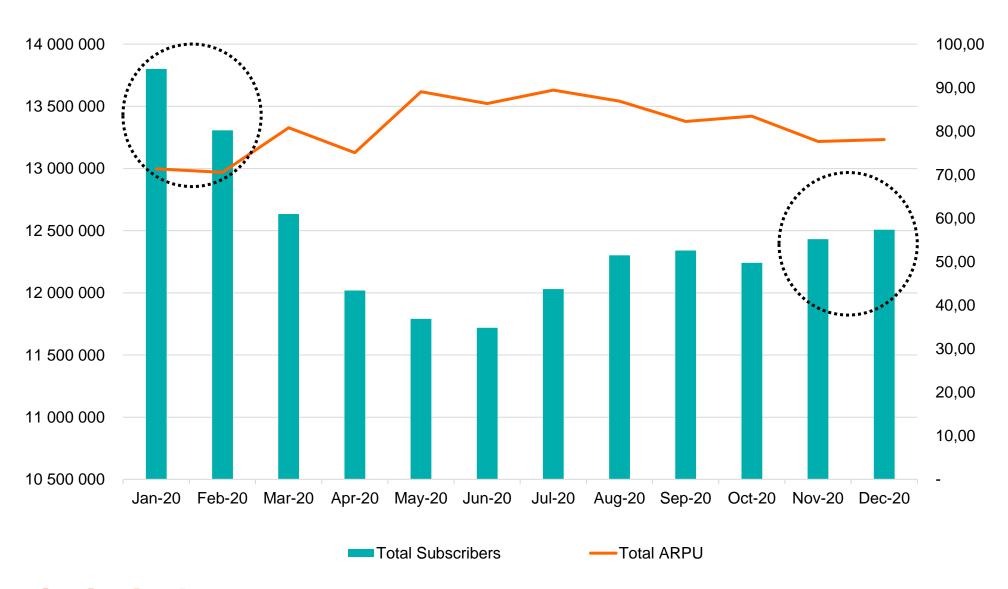




 ^{*} Other includes other mobile services, FTTH, interconnect and roaming

Focus on quality subscribers

Total Subscribers vs Total ARPU



NOTES & COMMENTS

The strategy to pursue profitable customers.

At the end of 2020, the total subscriber base was back up to over 12.5 million (H1 2020: 11.7 million).

R81 ARPU average at end of period.







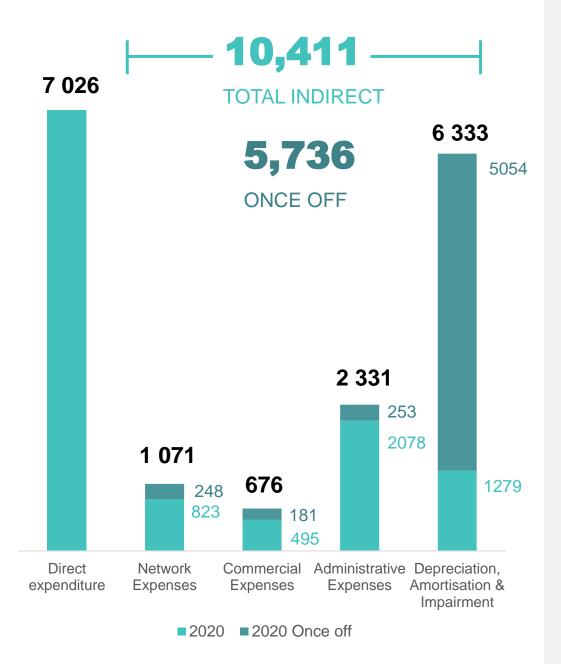
OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE STORY

Normalised expenses excluding once off expenses as part of transition.

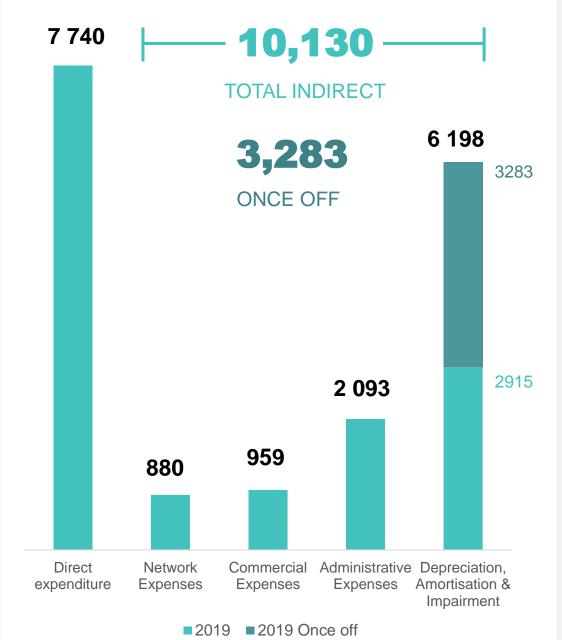


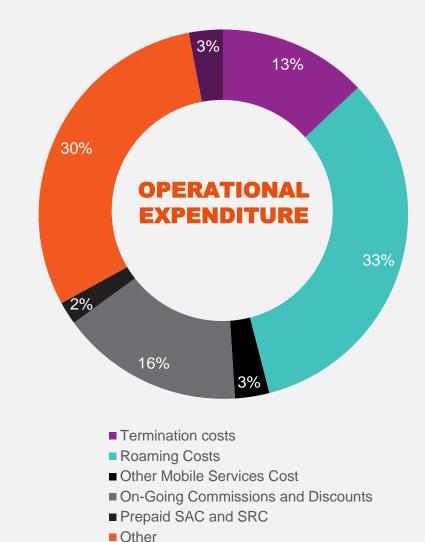
Expenditure Once off vs Ongoing (R'm)

2020 EXPENDITURE



2019 EXPENDITURE





CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

■ Wholesale Cost





BALANCE SHEET STORY



Balance Sheet

Fixed Assets 3 275 8 587 ▼ -62% Intangible assets 778 988 ▼ -21% Trade receivables and other assets 3 745 4 368 ▼ -14% Total assets 7 798 13 943 ▼ -44% Loans and borrowings 8 553 8 678 ▼ -1% Other liabilities and provisions 7 984 7 199 ▲ 11% Lease obligations 4 721 6 021 ▼ -22%	Intangible assets 778 988 -21% Trade receivables and other assets 3 745 4 368 -14% Total assets 7 798 13 943 -44% Loans and borrowings 8 553 8 678 -1% Other liabilities and provisions 7 984 7 199 11%	R'm	2020	2019	% change	
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NOTES & COMMENTS

- Fixed and intangible assets decreased significantly as a result of the impairment of R5-billion in FY20.
- The company is currently in a debt standstill. The debt will be addressed as part of the recapitalisation.
- The recapitalisation and optimisation of the leases, through the network transition, will strengthen the balance sheet and net equity position.









Changing our customer's world

WITH BEST VALUE FOR MONEY OFFERS



YOUTH, MASS & HIGH VALUE

- Flexibility
- Value
- Control
- Lifestyle benefits





















LOOKING FORWARD



STRATEGIC

- Successfully conclude recapitalisation.
- Leverage the recapitalisation quickly by allocating capital and liquidity judiciously.
- Finalise partnerships and collaborations.
- **Drive digital transformation** through the business.



OPERATIONAL

- Continue to manage costs tightly.
- Effectively manage the network transition process and monetise the capacity.
- Launch new propositions based on customer insights.



CULTURE

- Enhance our EVP and culture with an emphasis on growing and reskilling our talent and improving innovation.
- Upskilling, a new way of business.
- Entrenched governance and ethical business practice.





